Last update: 22-04-2026

SLOVENIA IN THE WORLD AND IN THE EU

2023, sources: Eurostat and FAO

Slovenia is a minor EU-27 producer of fishery and aquaculture products.

(1.000 tonnes)	World	EU-27	Slovenia	% world	% EU-27
Catches	91.681	3.555	0,3	0,0003%	0,01%
Aquaculture	136.140	1.043	1,1	0,0013%	0,11%
Total	**227.821**	**4.598**	**1,4**	**0,0009%**	**0,03%**

FISHING FLEET

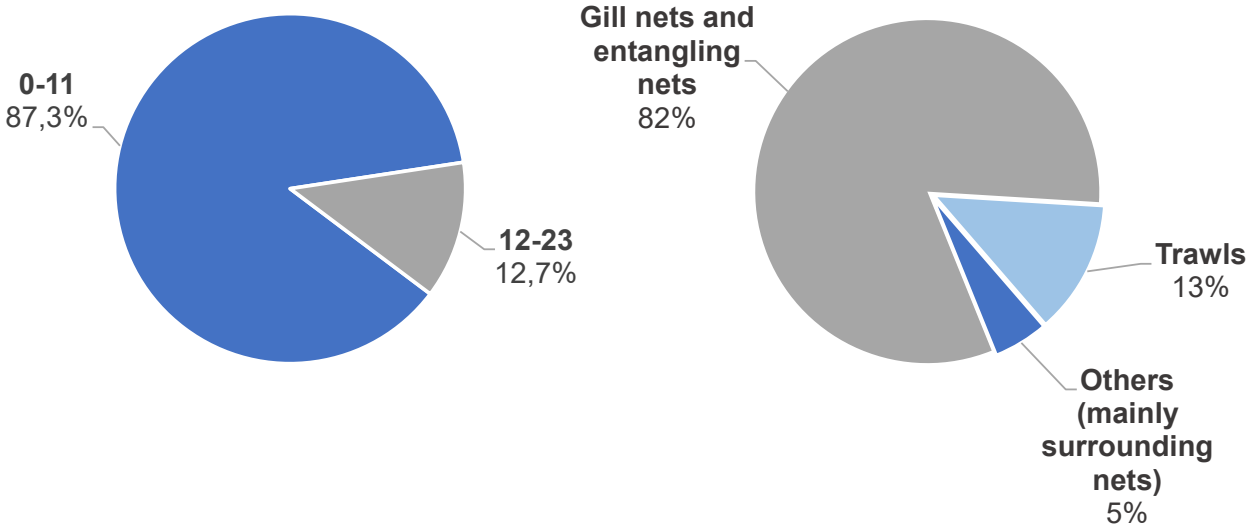
Fleet: 2024, source: EU fishing fleet register - Eurostat Employment: 2023, source: JRC

Vessels (2024)	Capacity (2024)		Power (2024)
Number: 134	GT: 670		KW: 8.757
TOTAL FTE: 61 (2023, source: JRC)			
0-11 m	**12-23 m**	**24-39 m**	**>40 m**
Jobs (FTE): 71%	Jobs (FTE): 29%	Jobs (FTE): 0%	Jobs (FTE): 0%

GT: Gross tonnage - KW: Kilowatt - FTE: Full Time Equivalent

The Slovenian fishing fleet by length and gear

(% of total number of vessels)



Last update: 22-04-2026

LANDINGS

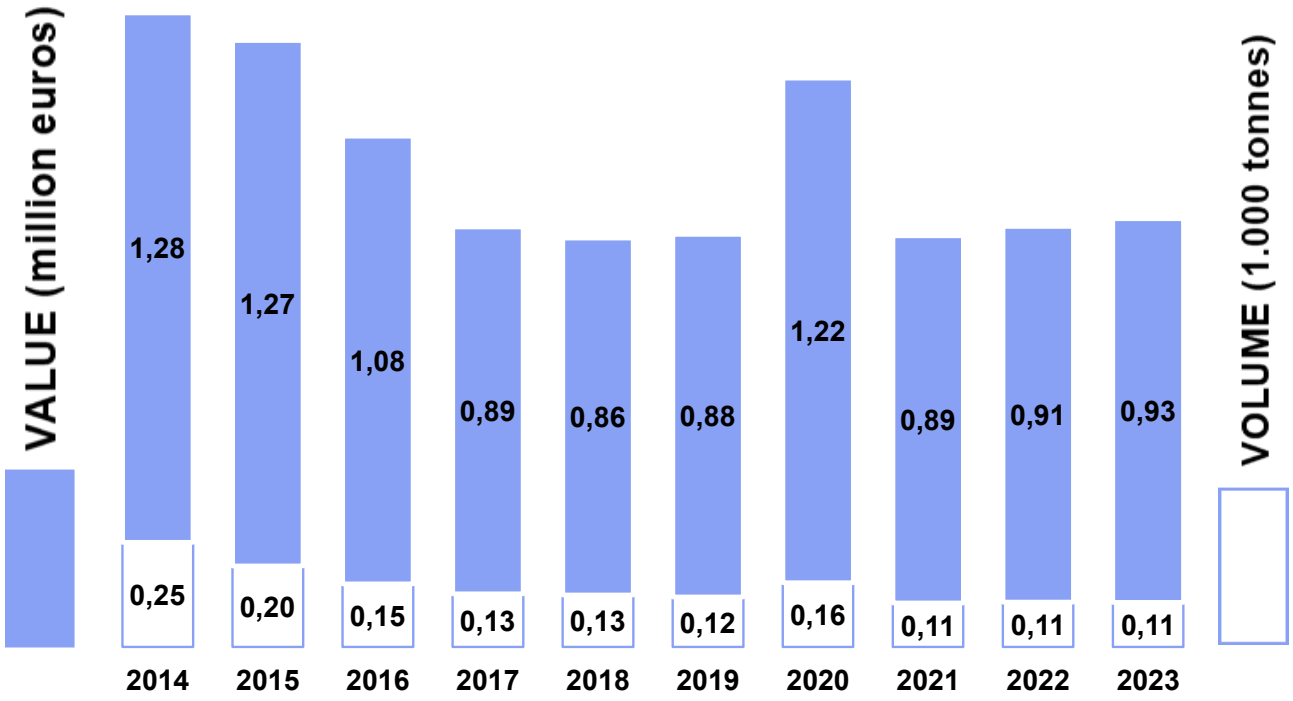
Source: EUMOFA, based on Eurostat data

Landings comprise the initial unloading of any fisheries products from on board a fishing vessel in a given Member State. They include aquatic plants and species not destined for human consumption. Landings are recorded in net weight and value, and concern landings made by vessels from EU Member States, Iceland, Norway and the UK.

Landings in Slovenia only include fresh whole/gutted products destined for human consumption.

There are 3 fishing ports registered in the country (source: EU Master Data Register, 03 December 2025).

Total landings. Values are deflated by using the GDP deflator (base=2020)



Main commercial species landed and % of total

2023, 1.000 euros (nominal value) and tonnes

SQUID	0,133	14,3%	0,014	13,2%	WHITING
GILTHEAD SEABREAM	0,110	11,9%	0,014	12,6%	OCTOPUS
OCTOPUS	0,104	11,2%	0,011	10,4%	GILTHEAD SEABREAM
WARMWATER SHRIMPS	0,089	9,5%	0,010	9,3%	RED MULLET
WHITING	0,075	8,1%	0,008	7,7%	SQUID
OTHERS	0,418	45,0%	0,050	46,6%	OTHERS

Last update: 22-04-2026

AQUACULTURE

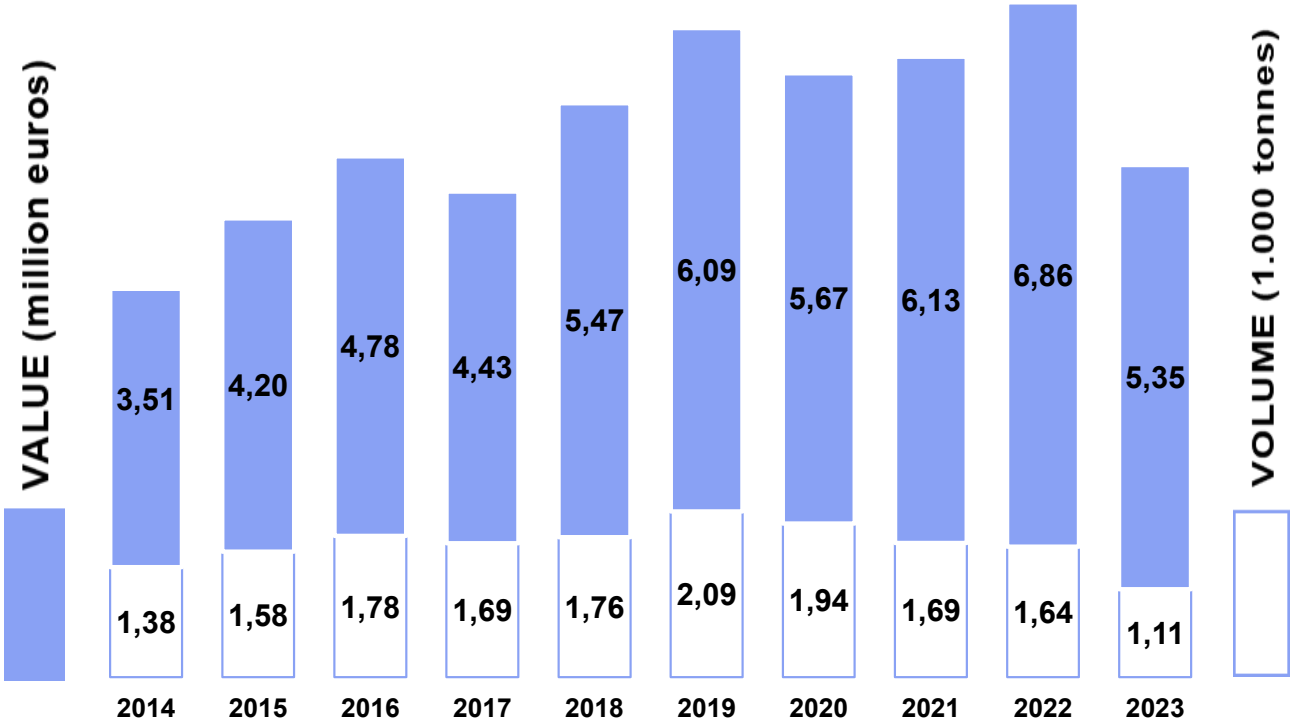
Source: EUMOFA, based on Eurostat and FAO data

Aquaculture consists in the farming of aquatic (fresh or saltwater) organisms, such as fish, molluscs, crustaceans and aquatic plants. Aquaculture data are reported in live weight equivalent and value.

Most of Slovenian production occurs in freshwater and in marine waters. According to Eurostat, in 2023, the following main production methods were used:

- 52% of production in tanks and raceways in freshwater;
- 17% of production on bottom in sea and brackish water.

Total production. Values are deflated by using the GDP deflator (base=2020)



Main commercial species farmed and % of total
2023, 1.000 euros (nominal value) and tonnes

TROUT	3,4	63,0%	0,6	52,9%	TROUT
EUROPEAN SEABASS	0,5	8,6%	0,2	16,9%	MUSSEL *MYTILUS* SPP.
OTHERS	1,5	28,4%	0,3	30,1%	OTHERS

Last update: 22-04-2026

WHOLESALE

Wholesale is an intermediary stage in the distribution channel that buys in bulk and sells to resellers (e.g. retailers) rather than to consumers. In Slovenia, there are wholesalers but no wholesale market (source: Eurofish).

PROCESSING

According to Eurostat-SBS, 101 persons were employed in the Slovenian fish processing industry in 2017. In 2013, the sector recorded a value added of 2,1 million euros, covering only 1% of the value added of total manufacture of food products.

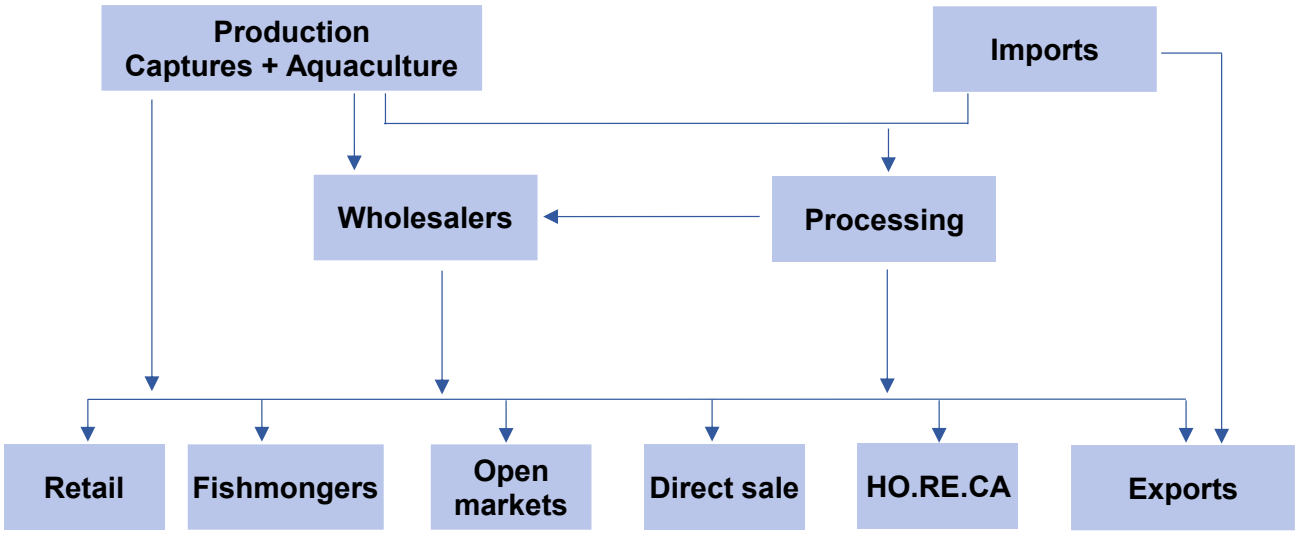
In 2022, the main product sold was “Prepared meals and dishes based on fish, crustaceans and molluscs” (source: Eurostat-PRODCOM).

6 companies (2024. Source: Eurostat – SBS)
Net turnover: 11,9 million euros (2013. Source: Eurostat – SBS)

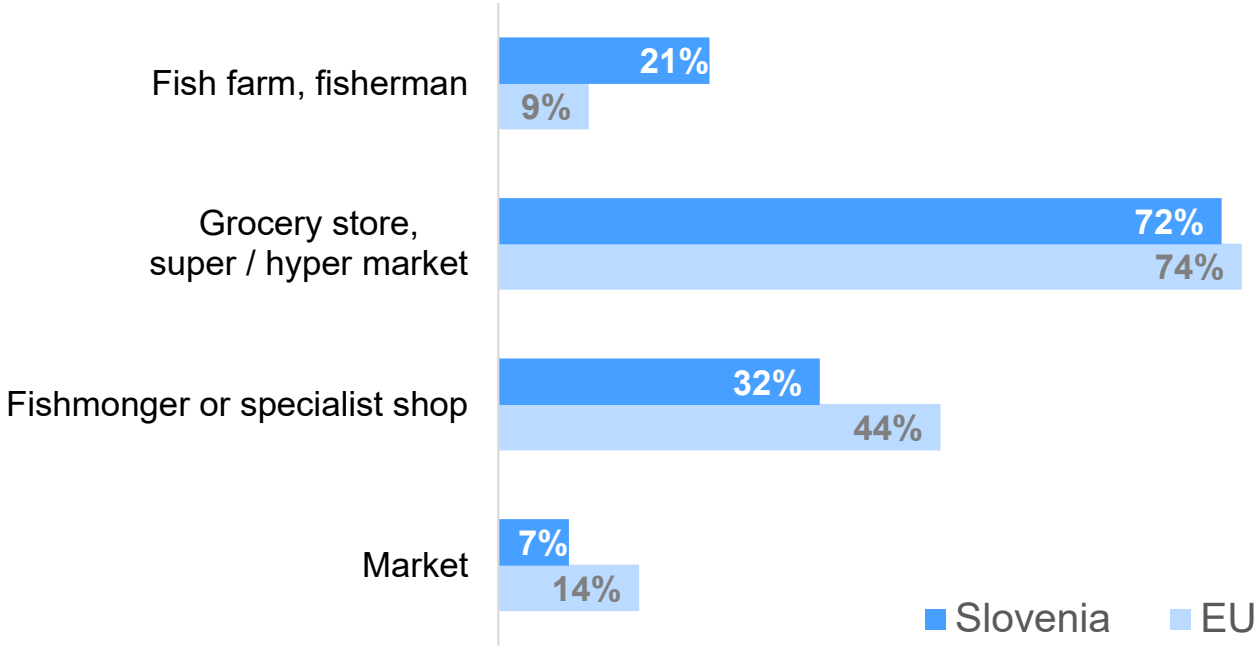
Last update: 22-04-2026

DISTRIBUTION

The supply chain of fisheries and aquaculture products in Slovenia (source: Eurofish):



Consumer preferences on purchasing channels (source: Eurobarometer, 2024):



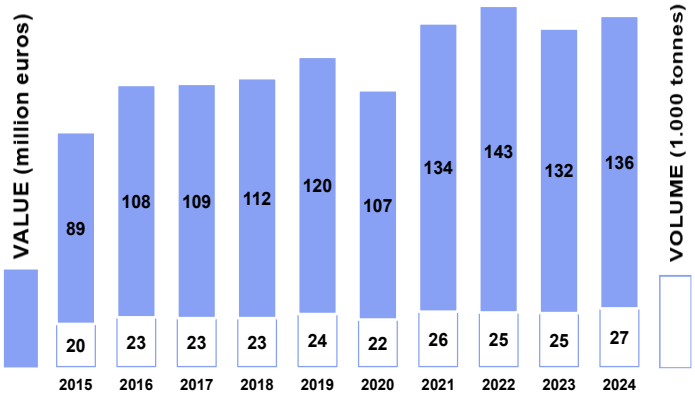
Last update: 22-04-2026

IMPORT – EXPORT

Source: EUMOFA, based on Eurostat-COMEXT data

Values in the bar charts are deflated by using the GDP deflator (base=2020)

IMPORT

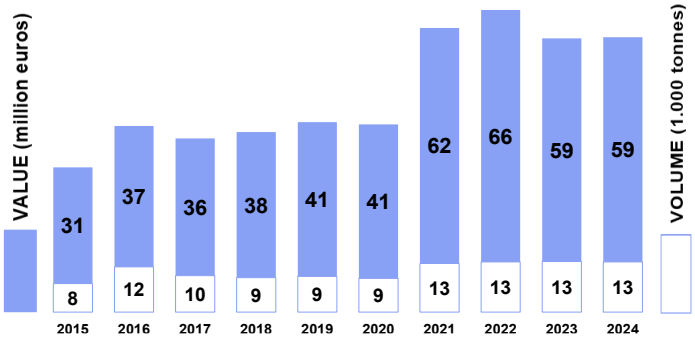


Main commercial species imported and % of total imports

2024, million euros (nominal value)

TUNA (MOSTLY MISCELLANEOUS)	33	20%
SQUID	20	12%
SALMON	18	11%
GILTHEAD SEABREAM	11	7%
HAKE	10	6%
OTHERS	75	45%

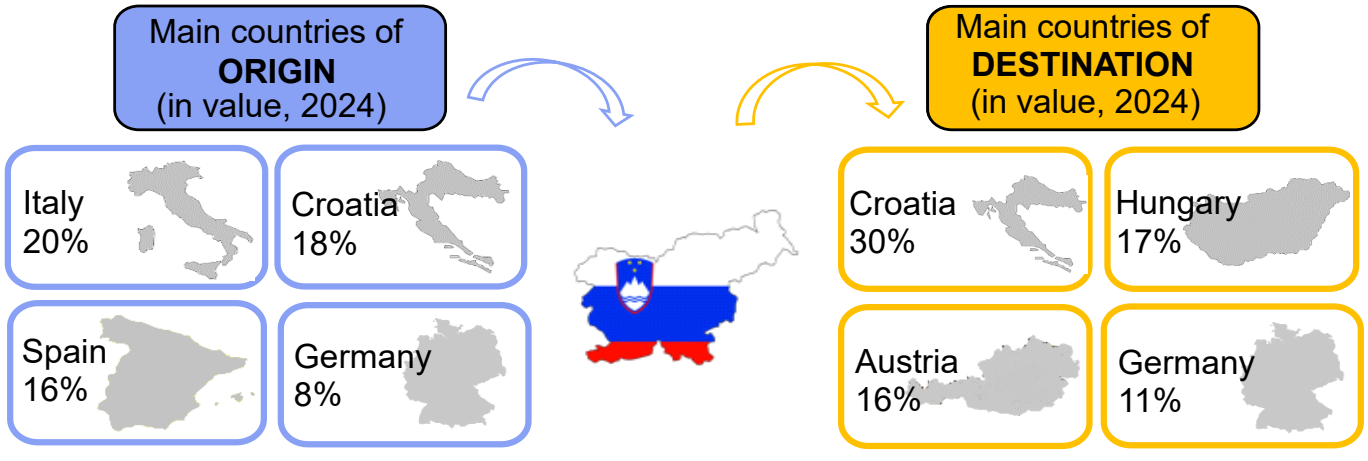
EXPORT



Main commercial species exported and % of total exports

2024, million euros (nominal value)

TUNA (MISCELLANEOUS SPECIES)	18	25%
MACKEREL	9	12%
GILTHEAD SEABREAM	7	10%
HAKE	7	9%
SQUID	6	8%
OTHERS	26	37%



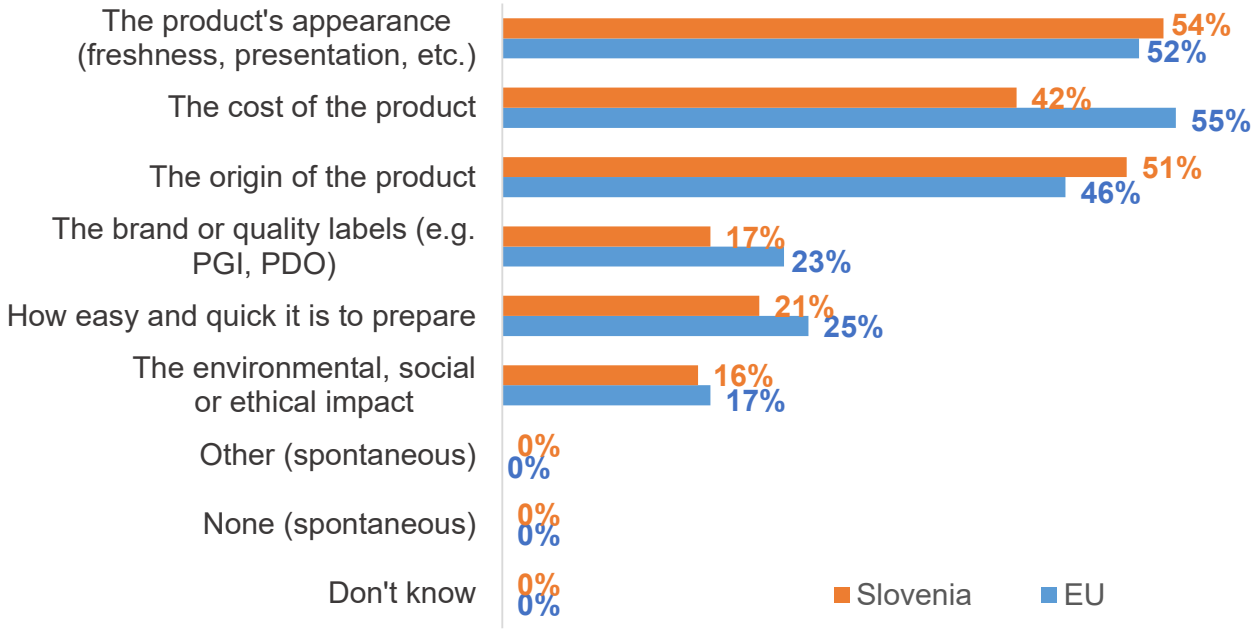
Last update: 22-04-2026

CONSUMPTION

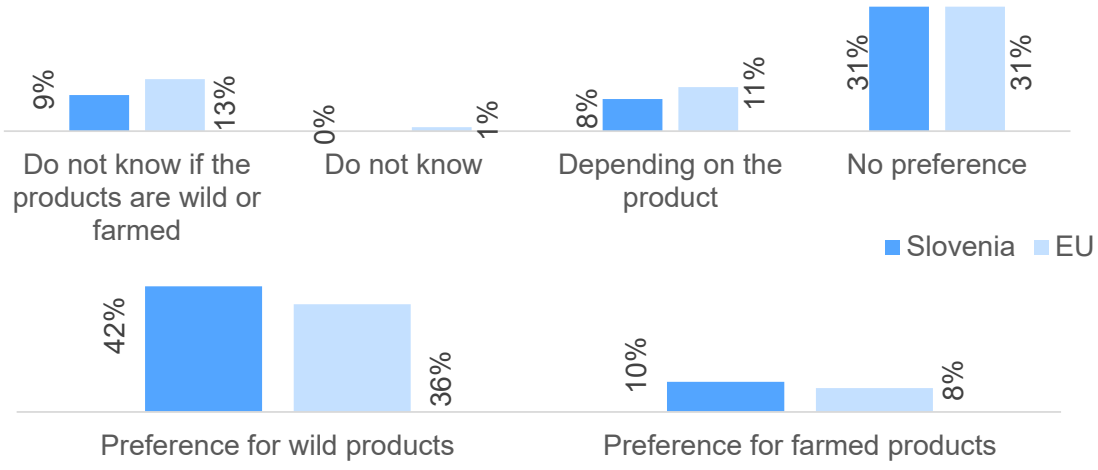
In 2023, apparent consumption was estimated at 11,21 kg per capita, a 0,4% increase compared with 2022. The most consumed species were skipjack tuna and squid (source: EUMOFA).

11,21 kg
per capita in live weight equivalent
(2023, source: EUMOFA)

Purchasing factors (source: Eurobarometer, 2024)



Preferences regarding wild or farmed product (source: Eurobarometer, 2024)



Last update: 22-04-2026

THE COUNTRY IN EUMOFA

LANDINGS

Volumes and values are collected from Eurostat – Fishery.

They are available on a yearly basis and accessible through dashboards, as well as through the bulk download facility.

AQUACULTURE

Volumes and values are collected from Eurostat – Fishery and integrated with FAO data.

They are available on a yearly basis and accessible through dashboards, as well as through the bulk download facility.

FIRST SALES

No data available

WHOLESALE

No data available

IMPORT - EXPORT

Volumes and values are collected from Eurostat – COMEXT. Data concern trade flows of all fisheries and aquaculture products as recorded by national customs.

They are available on a monthly and yearly basis and accessible through dashboards, as well as through the bulk download facility.

PROCESSING

Data are collected from Eurostat – PRODCOM. They concern ex-farm quantities and values of fisheries and aquaculture products sold in the country after being transformed from raw material into final products.

They are available on a yearly basis and accessible through dashboards, as well as through the bulk download facility.

CONSUMPTION

No data available